



TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF

EDUCATION
FIRST TO THE TOP

STEM Explorers

Primary Career Cluster:	Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM)
Consultant:	Casey Haugner Wrenn, (615) 532-4879, Casey.Haugner@tn.gov
Course Code:	0649
Prerequisite(s):	None
Credit:	N/A
Grade Level:	6
Graduation Requirement:	N/A
Coursework and Sequence:	This is the first course in the <i>Middle School STEM</i> sequence of coursework.
Aligned Student Organization(s):	Technology Student Association (TSA): http://www.tntsa.org Amanda Hodges, (615) 532-6270, Amanda.Hodges@tn.gov
Coordinating Work-Based Learning:	Teachers are encouraged to use embedded WBL activities such as informational interviewing, job shadowing, and career mentoring. For information, visit http://tn.gov/education/cte/work_based_learning.shtml .
Available Student Industry Certifications:	N/A
Dual Credit or Dual Enrollment Opportunities:	N/A
Teacher Endorsement(s):	001, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 047, 070, 078, 081, 101, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 157, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 230, 232, 233, 400, 401, 402, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 440, 470, 477, 499
Required Teacher Certifications/Training:	Teachers who have never taught this course must attend training provided by the Department of Education.
Teacher Resources:	http://www.tn.gov/education/cte/ScienceTechnologyEngineeringMathematics.shtml

Course Description

STEM Explorers is a fundamental course for middle school students to search for answers to “*What is STEM?*” A student proficient in this course will understand science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) as a collection of interrelated disciplines, rather than a series of isolated fields. Students will come away from this course with a thorough understanding of how the STEM disciplines

work together to investigate the world, define problems, and create optimal solutions to benefit society. In this course, students will explore the history of engineering and technology; they will be introduced to the practices of science and engineering; and they will explore various STEM fields to empower them to make an informed decision when selecting a career pathway in high school. Standards in this course are aligned with Tennessee State Standards in English Language Arts & Literacy in Technical Subjects and Tennessee State Standards in Mathematics.*

Program of Study Application

This is the first course in the *Middle School STEM* sequence of coursework. This program leads to several programs of study in the STEM career cluster in high school. For more information on the benefits and requirements of implementing these programs in full, please visit the STEM website at <http://www.tn.gov/education/cte/ScienceTechnologyEngineeringMathematics.shtml>.

Course Standards

STEM Overview

- 1) Drawing on multiple sources (such as the Internet, textbooks, videos, and journals), investigate historical figures and milestones in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics. Create a report over a selected STEM figure or milestone. Explain how this figure or milestone had a lasting influence on at least two of the four STEM fields. (TN Reading 9; TN Writing 2, 4)
- 2) Drawing on multiple sources (such as the internet, textbooks, videos, and journals), research technologies that have benefited society. Create a presentation illustrating society's role in the creation of a chosen technology. Discuss the societal needs that led to the creation of this technology, as well as the benefits resulting from it. Provide examples to support the claim that this technology has been beneficial to society. Relate the specific areas of science, technology, engineering, and math that contributed to the development of this technology. (TN Reading 7; TN Writing 1, 4)

Science & Engineering Practices

- 3) Explain how asking scientific questions can help to define an engineering problem to be solved. Choose a specific question(s) and problem that a scientist or engineer would encounter, then develop a model to illustrate the problem. Provide textual evidence from science and engineering books and websites to justify why the model illustrates the problem. (TN Reading 2; TN Writing 1, 4, 9)

Safety

- 4) Accurately read and interpret safety rules, including but not limited to rules published by the National Science Teachers Association (NSTA), rules pertaining to electrical safety, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) guidelines, and state and national code requirements. Be able to distinguish between the rules and explain why certain rules apply. (TN Reading 3, 4)
- 5) Identify and explain the intended use of safety equipment available in the classroom. For example, demonstrate how to properly inspect, use, and maintain safe operating procedures

with tools and equipment. Incorporate safety procedures and complete safety test with 100 percent accuracy. (TN Reading 3, 4)

STEM Fields Exploration

- 6) Investigate the following six STEM-intensive career clusters: Manufacturing; STEM; Health Sciences; Information Technology; Architecture and Construction; Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources; and Transportation, Distribution and Logistics. Identify companies and organizations in the state, region, and the school's local community related to each of these clusters. Create an informative poster or presentation that identifies companies in each cluster, the products they produce, and the services they offer. (TN Reading 7; TN Writing 2, 4, 7)
- 7) Research various occupations in each of the six STEM-intensive career clusters: Manufacturing; STEM; Health Sciences; Information Technology; Architecture and Construction; Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources; and Transportation, Distribution and Logistics. Compose an informative table or chart highlighting at least one occupation in each cluster, to include the following: work activities typically performed; tools and technology used; nature of the work environment; and the knowledge and skills needed for success. (TN Reading 7; TN Writing 2, 4)

Manufacturing Cluster

- 8) Investigate the field of manufacturing and manufacturing processes. Drawing on technical texts and exemplar designs retrieved from manufacturing websites, design and create a model of a manufacturing process. Demonstrate how the model would be used by a manufacturer to conduct a specific manufacturing process. Write a persuasive essay that argues for the quality and efficiency of the model and the process it simulates/demonstrates. Then, evaluate the model and discuss how it and/or the process can be improved. (TN Reading 7, 9; TN Writing 1, 4, 9)

STEM Cluster

- 9) Research engineering and scientific texts to understand the engineering design and scientific inquiry processes. Design and create a product that meets specific constraints and criteria using an engineering process that includes the following: identifying the problem; identifying criteria and specifying constraints; brainstorming for possible solutions; researching and generating ideas; exploring alternative solutions; selecting an approach; writing a design proposal, developing a model or prototype; testing and evaluating; refining and improving; creating or making a product; and communicating results. Evaluate and report whether the solution met the original criteria and constraints, as well as what improvements could be made to the solution, including a summary of data. *For example, students design and build a paper airplane that will stay aloft for the longest time. Students record their plane design before building and testing it. Students build and test their plane three times, recording the time aloft in each test. Students make a modification to their plane design. Students should be encouraged to only modify a single variable. Students build and test their modified plane three times as with their original plane. This process may be repeated multiple times. Students should create and present a report of the design, test results, results and conclusions. Teachers may wish to have students use their phones to take pictures of their plane designs and test results.* (TN Reading 3; TN Writing 1, 4)

Health Sciences Cluster

- 10) Research areas of the health sciences field. Collect, graph, and analyze personal health or forensic-related information. Write a brief explanation that categorizes the data collected and then describes the significance of the data. *For example, students may collect personal health-related information, such as heart rate (resting, vs. standing vs. active), their BMI, flexibility, or their lung capacity, and compare these against government recommendations. Alternatively, students may collect and analyze forensic information, such as hair or fingerprint samples. Students may then analyze and classify the samples. In either of these examples, the class or individuals' data should be graphed using bar or box-and-whisker graphs.* (TN Reading 3, TN Writing 2, 4; TN Math 6.EE, 6.SP)

Information Technology Cluster

- 11) Research the field of information technology (IT) and define a problem that could be solved by an IT professional. Create a presentation that defines the problem and presents a possible solution including some form of information technology. Create a model (could be 3-D, a diagram, website, etc.) to illustrate the problem, the solution, or both. Include an informative evaluation of the model that explains the features and limitations of the model. *For example, students design a webpage that educates the community about an issue, concept, or program. The webpage may include audio, video, graphics, and text. After completing the webpage, have students check the size of the webpage, calculate download time under various download speeds, and determine changes that could be made to improve download time.* (TN Reading 3, 7; TN Writing 2, 4)

Architecture & Construction Cluster

- 12) Research a well-known building, such as the Empire State Building. Incorporate information obtained from the research to inform an original design for a structure meant to serve a specific purpose. Create a scaled drawing of the design as well as a 3-D model, attending to appropriate dimensions and scale. Provide evidence supporting why the design will work to meet the specific purpose. *For example, students design and build a model of a bridge that spans a specific space. Present the size of the bridge across a life-sized ravine and specify the material from which the students may build their model (i.e., balsa wood, bass wood, tooth picks, or soda straws). Test the load capacity of the bridge.* (TN Reading 3, 7; TN Writing 1, 4; TN Math 6.RP)

Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources

- 13) Research a problem related to agriculture, food, and natural resources that could be solved using science, engineering, technology, and/or math. Design and conduct an experiment with a single independent variable that models the selected problem. Collect and analyze the data from the experiment. Create a report on the experiment that includes:
- Introduction explaining the principle tested and the methodology used in the test
 - Data in graphs and/or tables
 - Explanation of the data analysis
 - Findings and conclusion from the experiment, as well as a justification to support the conclusion

For example, students design a water filtration experiment. The students test the ability of various materials, such as activated charcoal, a coffee filter, rocks, dirt, or a combination of materials, to clean water via a filtration process. Students should measure the volume, mass, and density; judge color; measure spectroscopy; and/or test the pH of water samples before and after filtration. (TN Reading 3, 7; TN Writing 1, 2, 4; TN Math 6.SP)

Transportation, Distribution & Logistics

- 14) Research a problem relating to transportation, distribution, and logistics that could be solved using science, engineering, technology, and/or math. Design a model of a transportation technology based on specific criteria and constraints. Test the model's performance. Modify single aspects of the model's design and retest the model. Graph and analyze data from the test. Write an explanation based on the data analysis describing how the model could be further modified to optimize the design. Include any reasons why the test may have produced data that does not reflect the actual impact of the change in the test variable. *For example, have students design and build a water bottle rocket. Divide the class into groups and have the various groups each test a different variable such as ballast, nose cone design, fin size, fin shape, water-to-air mixture, and bottle size. After each group presents their findings, assign the students to construct a rocket that will reach the maximum altitude. (TN Reading 3, 7; TN Writing 1, 4; TN Math 6.RP, 6.SP)*

Standards Alignment Notes

*References to other standards include:

- TN Reading: [State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects](#); Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12; Grades 6-8 Students (page 62).
 - Note: While not directly aligned to one specific standard, students who are engaging in activities outlined above should be able to also demonstrate fluency in Standards 5, 6, 8, and 10 at the conclusion of the course.
- TN Writing: [State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects](#); Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6-12; Grades 6-8 Students (pages 64-66).
 - Note: While not directly aligned to one specific standard, students who are engaging in activities outlined above should be able to also demonstrate fluency in Standards 3, 5, 6, 8, and 10 at the conclusion of the course.
- TN Math: [State Standards for Mathematics](#); Math Standards for Middle School.
 - Note: The standards in this course are not meant to teach mathematical concepts. However, the concepts referenced above may provide teachers with opportunities to collaborate with mathematics educators to design project-based activities or collaborate on lesson planning. Students who are engaging in activities listed above should be able to demonstrate mathematical reasoning as applied to specific technical concepts. In addition, students will have the opportunity to practice the habits of mind as described in the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- P21: Partnership for 21st Century Skills [Framework for 21st Century Learning](#)

- Note: While not all standards are specifically aligned, teachers will find the framework helpful for setting expectations for student behavior in their classroom and practicing specific career readiness skills.